Lesson 31: System of Equations Leading to Pythagorean Triples

Classwork

Exercises

- 1. Identify two Pythagorean triples using the known triple 3, 4, 5 (other than 6, 8, 10).
- 2. Identify two Pythagorean triples using the known triple 5, 12, 13.
- 3. Identify two triples using either 3, 4, 5 or 5, 12, 13.

Use the system $\begin{cases} x+y=\frac{t}{s} \\ x-y=\frac{s}{t} \end{cases}$ to find Pythagorean triples for the given values of s and t. Recall that the solution, in the form of $\left(\frac{c}{b},\frac{a}{b}\right)$, is the triple, a,b,c.

4. s = 4, t = 5

5.
$$s = 7$$
, $t = 10$

6.
$$s = 1$$
, $t = 4$



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7. Use a calculator to verify that you found a Pythagorean triple in each of the Exercises 4–6. Show your work below.



Lesson Summary

A Pythagorean triple is a set of three positive integers that satisfies the equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.

An infinite number of Pythagorean triples can be found by multiplying the numbers of a known triple by a whole number. For example, 3, 4, 5 is a Pythagorean triple. Multiply each number by 7, then you have 21, 28, 35 which is also a Pythagorean triple.

The system of linear equations, $\begin{cases} x+y=\frac{t}{s}\\ x-y=\frac{s}{t} \end{cases}$ can be used to find Pythagorean triples, just like the Babylonians did 4,000 years ago.

Problem Set

- 1. Explain in terms of similar triangles why it is that when you multiply the known Pythagorean triple 3, 4,5 by 12, it generates a Pythagorean triple.
- 2. Identify three Pythagorean triples using the known triple 8, 15, 17.
- 3. Identify three triples (numbers that satisfy $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$, but a, b, c are not whole numbers) using the triple 8, 15, 17.

Use the system $\begin{cases} x+y=\frac{t}{s} \\ x-y=\frac{s}{t} \end{cases}$ to find Pythagorean triples for the given values of s and t. Recall that the solution, in the

form of $\left(\frac{c}{b}, \frac{a}{b}\right)$, is the triple, a, b, c.

4.
$$s = 2$$
, $t = 9$

5.
$$s = 6$$
, $t = 7$

6.
$$s = 3$$
, $t = 4$

7. Use a calculator to verify that you found a Pythagorean triple in each of the problems 4–6. Show your work below.

